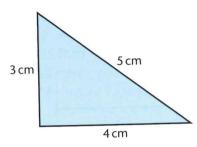
PERIMETER

78

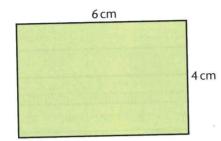
TARGET To measure the perimeter of 2-D shapes.

The perimeter of a shape is the distance around its edges. The perimeter of a room is the total length of its walls. The perimeter of a field is the length of a fence around it.

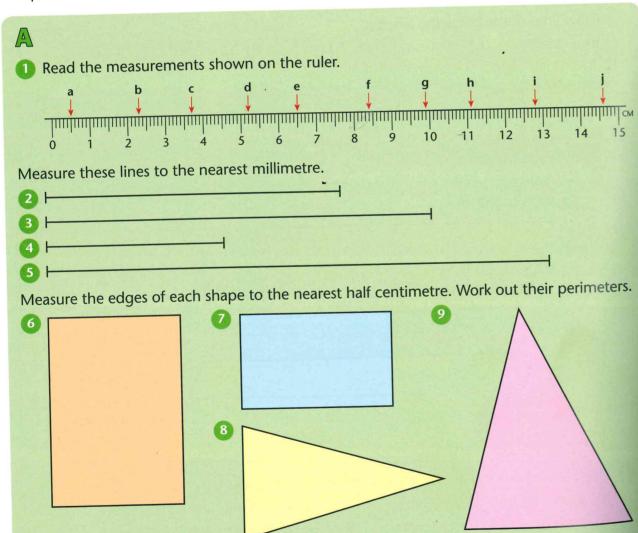
Examples



3 cm + 4 cm + 5 cm = 12 cmThe perimeter of the triangle is 12 cm.

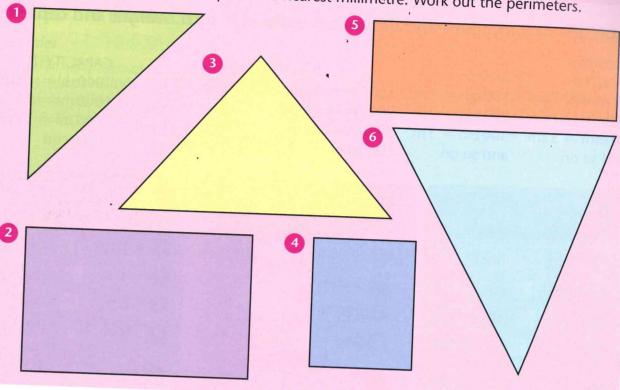


6 cm + 4 cm + 6 cm + 4 cm = 20 cmThe perimeter of the rectangle is 20 cm.





Measure the edges of each shape to the nearest millimetre. Work out the perimeters.



C

Use squared paper.

- 1 Draw three different rectangles, each with a perimeter of 14 cm.
- 2 Draw the following rectangles and work out their perimeters.

 a) 4 cm by 2 cm 6 mm

 b) 5 cm by 3 cm 9.
- a) 4 cm by 2 cm 6 mm
 b) 5 cm by 3 cm 9 mm.
 Copy and complete this table showing measurements of rectangles.

Length (cm)	4	2	3	5		- de-	2		1	
Width (cm)	5	8		A LESS	12	7	-	0	4	10
Perimeter (cm)	18		18	50	36	42	18	0	20	12
				00	30	42	10	40	28	120

Work out the perimeter of each of the rooms shown in these floor plans.

All the lengths are in metres.

